# IBM 1401 Simulator Usage 30-Jan-2007

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This memorandum documents the IBM 1401 simulator.

# **1** Simulator Files

sim/ scp.h sim\_console.h sim\_defs.h sim fio.h sim\_rev.h sim\_sock.h sim tape.h sim\_timer.h sim\_tmxr.h scp.c sim\_console.c sim fio.c sim\_sock.c sim\_tape.c sim timer.c sim\_tmxr.c sim/i1401/ i1401\_defs.h i1401\_dat.h i1401\_cpu.c i1401\_cd.c i1401\_iq.c i1401 lp.c i1401\_dp.c i1401\_mt.c i1401\_sys.c

# 2 IBM 1401 Features

The IBM 1401 simulator is configured as follows:

device names	simulates			
CPU	IBM 1401 CPU with 16K of memory			
CDR,CDP	IBM 1402 card reader/punch			
LPT	IBM 1403 line printer			
INQ	IBM 1407 inquiry terminal			
DP	IBM 1311 disk pack with five drives			
MT	IBM 729 7-track magnetic tape controller with six drives			

The IBM 1401 simulator implements many unique stop conditions. On almost any kind of error the simulator stops:

- Unimplemented opcode
- Reference to non-existent memory
- Reference to non-existent device
- No word mark under opcode
- Invalid A address

- Invalid B address
- Invalid instruction length
- Invalid modifier character
- Invalid branch address
- Invalid magtape unit number
- Invalid magtape record length
- Write to locked magtape drive
- Skip to unpunched carriage control tape channel
- Card reader hopper empty
- Address register wrap-around
- I/O check with I/O stop switch set
- Invalid disk drive
- Invalid disk sector address
- Invalid disk sector count
- Invalid disk address compare

The LOAD command is used to load a line printer carriage-control tape. The DUMP command is not implemented.

## 2.1 CPU

The CPU options include a number of special features and the size of main memory. Note that the Modify Address special feature is always included when memory size is greater than 4K.

SET	CPU	XSA	enable advanced programming special feature		
SET	CPU	NOXSA	disable advanced programming		
SET	CPU	HLE	enable high/low/equal special feature		
SET	CPU	NOHLE	disable high/low/equal		
SET	CPU	BBE	enable branch on bit equal special feature		
SET	CPU	NOBBE	disable branch on bit equal		
SET	CPU	MR	enable move record special feature		
SET	CPU	NOMR	disable move record		
SET	CPU	EPE	enable extended print edit special feature		
SET	CPU	NOEPE	disable extended print edit		
SET	CPU	MDV	enable multiply/divide special feature		
SET	CPU	NOMDV	disable multiply/divide		
SET	CPU	4K	set memory size = 4K		
SET	CPU	8K	set memory size = 8K		
SET	CPU	12K	set memory size = 12K		
SET	CPU	16K	set memory size = 16K		

If memory size is being reduced, and the memory being truncated contains non-zero data, the simulator asks for confirmation. Data in the truncated portion of memory is lost. Initially, memory size is 16K, and all special features are enabled.

Memory is implemented as 7 bit BCD characters, as follows:

6 5 4 3 2 1 0 word B bit A bit 8 4 2 1 mark <- zone -> <----- digit ----->

In BCD, the decimal digits 0-9 are (octal) values 012, 001, 002, 003, 004, 005, 006, 007, 010, 011, respectively. Signs are encoded in the zone bits, with 00, 01, and 11 being positive, and 10 being negative.

CPU registers include the visible state of the processor. The 1401 has no interrupt system.

name	size	comments
IS	14	instruction storage address register (PC)
AS	14	A storage address register
BS	14	B storage address register
ASERR	1	AS invalid flag
BSERR	1	BS invalid flag
SSA	1	sense switch A
SSB	1	sense switch B
SSC	1	sense switch C
SSD	1	sense switch D
SSE	1	sense switch E
SSF	1	sense switch F
SSG	1	sense switch G
EQU	1	equal compare indicator
UNEQ	1	unequal compare indicator
HIGH	1	high compare indicator
LOW	1	low compare indicator
OVF	1	overflow indicator
IOCHK	1	I/O check switch
PRCHK	1	process check switch
ISQ[0:63]	14	IS prior to last branch;
		most recent IS change first
WRU	8	interrupt character

The CPU can maintain a history of the most recently executed instructions. This is controlled by the SET CPU HISTORY and SHOW CPU HISTORY commands:

clear history buffer
disable history
enable history, length = n
print CPU history
print first n entries of CPU history

The maximum length for the history is 65536 entries.

The original character encoding used by the 1401 simulator was revised to be compatible with the coding used by Paul Pierce's 709X and 1401 simulators. The user can select between the original (old) and compatible (new) encodings, as follows:

SET	CPU	OLDCONVERSIONS	use	original	character	encoding
SET	CPU	NEWCONVERSIONS	use	compatibl	le charact	er encoding

NEWCONVERSIONS is the default.

## 2.2 1402 Card Reader/Punch (CDR, CDP, STKR)

The IBM 1402 card/reader punch is simulated as three independent devices: the card reader (CDR), the card punch (CDP), and the reader and punch stackers (STKR). STRK units 0, 1, 2, and 4 correspond to the reader normal stacker, reader stacker 1, shared stacker 2/8, and punch stacker 4, respectively.

Card punch and stacker units support both the business (1403 print chain A) and Fortran (1403 H chain) character sets:

SET	CDP	BUSINESS	business	character	set
SET	CDP	FORTRAN	Fortran	character	set

The business character set is the default.

The card reader supports the BOOT command. BOOT CDR reads a card image into locations 1-80, sets a word mark under location 1, clears storage, and then transfers control to location 1.

The card reader reads data from disk files, while the punch and stackers write data to disk files. Text cards are simulated as ASCII text lines with terminating newlines; column binary cards are simulated as ASCII text lines with adjacent characters supplying half of the 12b column code. For each unit, the POS register specifies the number of the next data item to be read or written. Thus, by changing POS, the user can backspace or advance these devices.

The card reader registers are:

name	size	comments
LAST	1	last card indicator
ERR	1	error indicator
S1	1	stacker 1 select flag
S2	1	stacker 2 select flag
POS	32	position
TIME	24	delay window for stacker select
BUF[0:79]	8	reader buffer

#### The card punch registers are:

name	size	comments
ERR	1	error indicator
S 4	1	stacker 4 select flag
S8	1	stacker 8 select flag

#### The stacker registers are:

name	size	comments
POSO	32	position, normal reader stack
POS1	32	position, reader stacker 1
POS2	32	position, shared stacker 2/8
POS4	32	position, punch stacker 4

#### Error handling is as follows:

device	error	processed as
reader	end of file	if SSA set, set LAST indicator on next Read, report error and stop
reader punch	not attached OS I/O error	report error and stop print error message if IOCHK set, report error and stop otherwise, set ERR indicator

stacker	not attached	ignored
	OS I/O	error print error message
		if IOCHK set, report error and stop

## 2.3 1403 Line Printer (LPT)

The IBM 1403 line printer (LPT) writes its data, converted to ASCII, to a disk file. The POS register specifies the number of the next data item to be read or written. Thus, by changing POS, the user can backspace or advance the printer.

The line printer implements both 48- and 64-character print chains:

SET	LPT	64	64-character	print	chain
SET	LPT	48	48-character	print	chain

The line printer also implements both the business (1403 print chain A) and Fortran (1403 H chain) character sets:

SET	LPT	BUSINESS	business	print	character	set
SET	LPT	FORTRAN	Fortran	charact	ter set	

The default is the 64 character print chain with the business set.

In addition, the line printer can be programmed with a carriage control tape. The LOAD command loads a new carriage control tape:

LOAD <file> load carriage control tape file

The format of a carriage control tape consists of multiple lines. Each line contains an optional repeat count, enclosed in parentheses, optionally followed by a series of column numbers separated by commas. Column numbers must be between 1 and 12; a column number of zero denotes top of form. The following are all legal carriage control specifications:

<blank line=""></blank>	no punch
(5)	5 lines with no punches
1,5,7,8	columns 1, 5, 7, 8 punched
(10)2	10 lines with column 2 punched
1,0	column 1 punched; top of form

The default form is 66 lines long, with column 1 and the top of form mark on line 1, and the rest blank.

The line printer registers are:

name	size	comments
LINES	8	number of newlines after next print
LFLAG	1	carriage control flag $(1 = skip, 0 = space)$
CCTP	8	carriage control tape pointer
CCTL	8	carriage control tape length (read only)
ERR	1	error indicator
POS	32	position
CCT[0:131]	32	carriage control tape array

Error handling is as follows:

error	processed as
not attached	report error and stop
OS I/O error	print error message if IOCHK set, report error and stop otherwise, set ERR indicator

## 2.4 1407 Inquiry Terminal (INQ)

The IBM 1407 inquiry terminal (INQ) is a half-duplex console. It polls the console keyboard periodically for inquiry requests.

The inquiry terminal supports both the business (1403 print chain A) and Fortran (1403 H chain) character sets for output:

SET	INQ	BUSINESS	business	character	set
SET	INQ	FORTRAN	Fortran	character	set

The business character set is the default.

The inquiry terminal registers are:

name	size	comments
INQC	7	inquiry request character (initially ESC)
INR	1	inquiry request indicator
TIME	24	polling interval

When the 1401 CPU requests input from the keyboard, the message [Enter] is printed out, followed by a new line. The CPU hangs waiting for input until either the return/enter key is pressed, or the inquiry request character is typed in. The latter cancels the type-in and sets INC.

The inquiry terminal has no errors.

## 2.5 1311 Disk Pack (DP)

The disk pack controller supports 5 drives, numbered 0 through 4. Disk pack options include the ability to enable address writing (formatting).

SET	DPn	ADDROFF	set	unit	n	address	enable	off
SET	DPn	ADDRON	set	unit	n	address	enable	on

Units can also be set ENABLED or DISABLED.

Unlike most simulated disks, the 1311 includes explicit representation for sector addresses. This is to support non-standard formats, such as the inclusion of the drive number in the sector address. As a result, 1311 sectors are 106 characters long: 6 address characters and 100 data characters. If the 1311 has not been formatted, the addresses are blanks and are synthesized, if needed, based on the sector number.

The 1311 also supports two modes of operation: move mode and load mode. In move mode, word marks are ignored on writes and left untouched on reads, and sectors hold 100 characters. In load mode, word marks are included on writes and stored on reads, and sectors hold 90 characters. No attempt is made to

deal with sectors written in load mode and read in move mode, or vice versa; on a real 1401, this causes a fatal parity error.

The disk pack controller implements these registers:

name	size	comments
ACC	1	access error indicator
PWC	1	parity or write check error indicator
WLR	1	wrong length record error indicator
UNA	1	unequal address compare error indicator
DSK	1	any disk error indicator
BSY	1	disk access busy indicator
LASTF	3	most recent function
TIME	24	seek time

The 1311 has a primitive overlapped seek capability. If TIME is set non-zero, the 1311 will report itself busy for the specified amount of time following a seek. This allows programs to utilize the seek time for processing.

Error handling is as follows:

error	processed as
not attached	set DSK indicator
	IT IOCHK set, report error and stop

1311 data files are buffered in memory; therefore, end of file and OS I/O errors cannot occur.

### 2.6 729 Magnetic Tape (MT)

The magnetic tape controller supports six drives, numbered 1 through 6. Magnetic tape options include the ability to make units write enabled or write locked.

SET	MTn	LOCKED	set	unit	n	write	locked
SET	MTn	WRITEENABLED	set	unit	n	write	enabled

Magnetic tape units can be set to a specific reel capacity in MB, or to unlimited capacity:

SET MTn CAPAC=m	set unit n capacity to m MB (0 = unlimited)
SHOW MTn CAPAC	show unit n capacity in MB

Units can also be set ENABLED or DISABLED.

The magnetic tape simulator supports the BOOT command. BOOT MT reads the first record off tape, starting at location 1, and then branches to it.

The magnetic tape controller implements these registers:

name	size	comments
END	1	and of file indicator
END	Ţ	end of the indicator
ERR	1	error indicator
PAR	1	parity error indicator
POS16	32	position, drives 16

Error handling is as follows:

error	processed as
not attached	report error and stop
end of file	set error indicator
OS I/O error	print error message set error indicator if IOCHK set, report error and stop

# 3 Symbolic Display and Input

The IBM 1401 simulator implements symbolic display and input. Display is controlled by command line switches:

-C	display as single character (BCD for CPU and MT,
	ASCII for others)
-s	display as wordmark terminated BCD string (CPU only)
-m	display instruction mnemonics (CPU only)
-d	display 50 characters per line, with word marks
	denoted by "1" on the line below

In a CPU character display, word marks are denoted by `.

Input parsing is controlled by the first character typed in or by command line switches:

' or ", -c or -s	characters (BCD for CPU and MT, ASCII for others)
alphabetic	instruction mnemonic
numeric	octal number

Instruction input is free format, with spaces separating fields. There are six instruction formats: 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, and 8 characters:

1	character	opcode			
2	character	opcode	'modifie	er	
4	character	opcode	address		
5	character	opcode	address	'modifie	er
7	character	opcode	address	address	
8	character	opcode	address	address	'modifier

Addresses are always decimal, except for special I/O addresses in the A field, which may be specified as %xy, where x denotes the device and y the unit number.

For the CPU, string input may encompass multiple characters. A word mark is denoted by ` and must precede the character to be marked. All other devices can only accept single character input, without word marks.

## 4 Character Sets

BCD code	ASCII representation	IBM 1401 character	print chains
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 10 11 12 13 14 15	<pre>space 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 # or = @ or ' :</pre>		= in H chain ' in H chain blank in A, H chains
16 17 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 30 31	> { ^ S T U V W X Y Z	tape mark alternate blank	blank in A, H chains blank in A, H chains blank in A, H chains
32 33 34 35 36 37 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 50 51 52	 % or ( ~ \ " - J K L M N O P Q R !	record mark word mark	( in H chain blank in A, H chains blank in A, H chains blank in A, H chains
53 54 55 56 57 60 61 62	s * ] ; ~ & A B	delta	blank in A, H chains blank in A, H chains blank in A, H chains

The IBM 1401 uses a 6b character code called BCD (binary coded decimal). Some of the characters have no equivalent in ASCII and require different representations:

63	С							
64	D							
65	Е							
66	F							
67	G							
70	Н							
71	I							
72	?							
73	•							
74	)	lozenc	je					
75	[			blank	in	A,	Н	chains
76	<			blank	in	A,	Н	chains
77	}	group	mark	blank	in	A,	Η	chains

## 4.1 Old Conversions

Starting with V3.5-1, the 1401 simulator was changed to use the same character set as the SimH 7094 (and other 7094 simulators). This involved the following changes:

code	V3.5-0 or earlier	V3	8.5-	-1	or	later
13	#	#	or	=	on	input
14	d	G	or	•	on	ınput
17	(	{				
32	T Contraction of the second seco					
34	00	00	or	(	on	input
35	=	~				
37	+	"				
60	&	&	or	+	on	input
77	"	}				

In addition, the word mark indicator was changed from ~ to `.

The 1401 simulator can be set to operate with either set of conventions:

SET CPU OLDCONVERSIONS SET CPU NEWCONVERSIONS

The default is **NEWCONVERSIONS**.